Atrial fibrillation (A/fib): An irregular heart beat that can increase the risk of stroke. Nonvalvular A/fib affects patients without mechanical heart valves.

Acute medical illness: Conditions such as pneumonia, stroke, heart failure, infection, or inflammatory disease.

Venous thromboembolism (VTE): A term used to describe a blood clot that forms in a vein. VTE includes deep vein thrombosis (DVT) and pulmonary embolism (PE).

Coronary artery disease (CAD): Develops when the major blood vessels that supply your heart with blood, oxygen, and nutrients (coronary arteries) become damaged or diseased.

Major cardiovascular (CV) events include CV death, heart attack, and stroke.

Peripheral artery disease (PAD): A condition where narrowed arteries reduce blood flow to the limbs.

This chart is for informational purposes only. Always consult with your healthcare provider before starting a new medication.